### HICEAS 2010 McArthur II CTD PROCESSING

HICEAS 2010 CTD data files were collected using a Sea-Bird 911*plus* profiling instrument aboard the NOAA Ship McArthur II (MACII). The 911*plus* consists of the 9*plus* underwater CTD and 11*plus* V2 Deck Unit, which has high resolution sampling (24Hz) and pump-controlled conductivity and temperature flow-through sensors. Data were collected using Sea-Bird's SeaSave Win32 Version 7.20c and have been processed using Sea-Bird's SBE Data Processing v. 7.26.7. More information regarding the SBE software and recommended data processing procedures can be found online at <a href="https://www.seabird.com">www.seabird.com</a>.

Each CTD directory on the data server contains two folders named Raw and Data. CTD set-up information, pressure test results, and data collected at sea are stored in the Raw folder. All information and files used in processing are saved in the Data folder, including documentation, configuration files, calibration sheets, intermediate processing steps and final data.

Sensor use on the McArthur II CTD during the HICEAS 2010 cruise did not change except for a pressure sensor/CTD fish change at the end of Leg 2. There were also changes in voltage words suppressed that required CON file changes as detailed in Appendix 1. The table below describes the period for which each sensor was used. The owners of the sensors are responsible for their maintenance.

	Casts	Temp 1, 2	Cond 1, 2	DO	Pressure
Leg 1-2	001-066	T4677, T2109	C1725, C3201	O1294	P0405
Leg 2-5	067-150	T4677, T2109	C1725, C3201	O1294	P0311

PMC-owned, MMTD-owned

### HICEAS 2010 MACII CTD SENSOR CALIBRATION

SWFSC MMTD uses Sea-Bird Electronics conductivity, temperature and pressure sensors. Sea-Bird Electronics conductivity sensors drift with usage and time, while temperature and pressure sensors drift primarily over time. Annual calibrations of the conductivity and temperature sensors are necessary to estimate and correct for this drift during data processing. Pre and post-cruise calibration certificates for the sensors used during HICEAS 2010 are in the \CON\_Files\Calibrations folder.

Conductivity, temperature, and pressure are computed as polynomial functions of the sensor frequencies stored in the raw data file. We follow Sea-Bird recommended procedures for adjusting calibration coefficients for drift between calibrations (Sea-Bird App. Note # 31). Details can be found in the internal document "CTD Calibration Adjustments MMTD.pdf".

The Excel spreadsheet, CTDcalibrations HICEAS 2010.xlsx, in the \Documentation folder, contains the pre and post-cruise calibration information for the conductivity, temperature, pressure, and dissolved oxygen sensors. It then derives slope or offset values used to correct the calibration coefficients used in the Data Conversion and Derive modules of Sea-Bird's SBE Data

Processing procedure. The adjusted configuration files used to process the HICEAS 2010 MacII data (Appendix 1) are in the \CON\_Files folder.

# **Conductivity Sensor Correction:**

The SBE 4C series conductivity sensor has a measurement range of 0.0 to 7.0 Siemens/meter (S/m), which spans the conductivity range of SWFSC MMTD's study areas. The SBE 4C sensor is rated to have an initial accuracy of 0.0003 S/m; with a resolution (at 24Hz) of 0.00004 S/m.

The primary conductivity sensor, C1725, was calibrated on 19 February 2010 and 2 February 2011. The difference between the iSlope values at the start and end of the cruise was less than 0.0003, and the iSlope at the end of the cruise was <0.00015 from 1; consequently, no slope calibration adjustment was needed. Pre-cruise calibration coefficients were used to process the data.

The secondary conductivity sensor, C3201, was also calibrated on 19 February 2010 and 2 February 2011. The difference between the iSlope values at the start and end of the cruise was less than 0.0003, and the iSlope at the end of the cruise was <0.00015 from 1; consequently, no slope calibration adjustment was needed. Pre-cruise calibration coefficients were used to process the data.

# **Temperature Sensor Correction:**

The SBE 3*plus* series temperature sensor has a measurement range of -5.0 to 35 °C , which spans the range of temperatures in SWFSC MMTD's study areas. The SBE 3*plus* sensor is rated to have an initial accuracy of  $\pm$  0.001 °C and a resolution (at 24 samples per second) of 0.0003 °C. See "CTD Calibration Adjustments MMTD.pdf" for an explanation of how we adjust calibration coefficients for temperature sensors.

The primary temperature sensor, T4667, was calibrated on 19 February 2010 and 5 February 2011. The iOffset at the end of the cruise was less than 2mdeg C; consequently, no offset calibration adjustment was needed.

The secondary temperature sensor, T2109, was calibrated on 18 February 2010 and 3 February 2011. The iOffset at the end of the cruise was less than 2mdeg C; consequently, no offset calibration adjustment was needed.

# **Pressure Sensor Correction:**

The SBE Paroscientific Digiquartz pressure sensor is rated to have an initial accuracy of 1.02m (i.e., 0.015% of the full scale range, which is 0-6800m). We do not exceed a maximum vertical depth of 1100m. Initial resolution (at 24Hz) is 0.068m (i.e., 0.001% of the full scale range).

CTD pressure deck tests are stored in the \Raw\MACII\Pressure Tests folder.

Two deck tests were conducted on the pressure sensor P0405, which was used during Legs 1 and 2, resulting in offsets of -0.6070 and -0.7296 db; these results were not consistent with Sea-Bird calibrations from 9 March 2010 and 25 Febrary 2011 (average iOffset=-0.8456). Therefore, the average of the deck test offsets, equal to -0.6683, was used in the \*.con file.

Four deck tests were conducted on the pressure sensor P0311, which was used during Legs 3 to 5, resulting in offsets of -6.5662, -6.2373, -6.2092, and -6.2488 db; these results were all greater than the iOffset between Sea-Bird calibrations from 13 April 2010 and 4 April 2011 (iOffset=-6.0829). Therefore, the average of the deck test offsets, equal to -6.3154, was used in the \*.con file.

### **Oxygen Sensor Correction:**

The SBE 43 oxygen sensors have a measurement range of 0 to 120% of surface saturation (approximately 200  $\mu$ mol/Kg). The SBE 43 sensor is rated to have an initial accuracy of 2% of surface saturation (approximately 4  $\mu$ mol/Kg, http://www.seabird.com/pdf\_documents/datasheets/43brochureDec07.pdf).

The sensor outputs a voltage that is linearly related to dissolved oxygen concentration by a slope (Soc) and offset (Voffset). The sensor is expected to drift over time due to a decrease in sensitivity. Drift is expected to occur only at sea because the sensor membrane is sealed against exposure to air between cruises. Sea-Bird recommends a simple interpolation based on usage time between the pre- and post-cruise calibration values of Soc. On the advice of Dave Griffiths (SWFSC Fisheries Resources Division), both Soc and Voffset are normally interpolated.

The dissolved oxygen sensor, O1294, was calibrated on 12 April 2010 and 30 March 2011. The iSoc values changed by more than 4% between the start and end of the cruise, therefore separate iSoc and iVoffset values were used for Legs 1-2, 3, and 4-5. Oxygen data were invalid on casts 037-053, apparently because of an error in the configuration file used to collect data.

# **Comparison of the Primary and Secondary Sensors**

Differences between primary and secondary sensors by cast are summarized in Figure 1. Fortran program COMPSENS.EXE (Author: Paul Fiedler) calculates the mean difference between the primary and secondary sensors for each profile. The output file, compsens 10 m.dat, is in the \Documentation folder. Figure 1 shows that the temperature and conductivity values measured by and salinity values derived from the primary and secondary sensors did not differ by more than the desired accuracy of the sensors, except for conductivity on Legs 2 and 4. Bottle salinity analyses (Appendix 2) indicate that the primary sensors were more accurate than the secondary sensors and should be used in the final CTD data file.

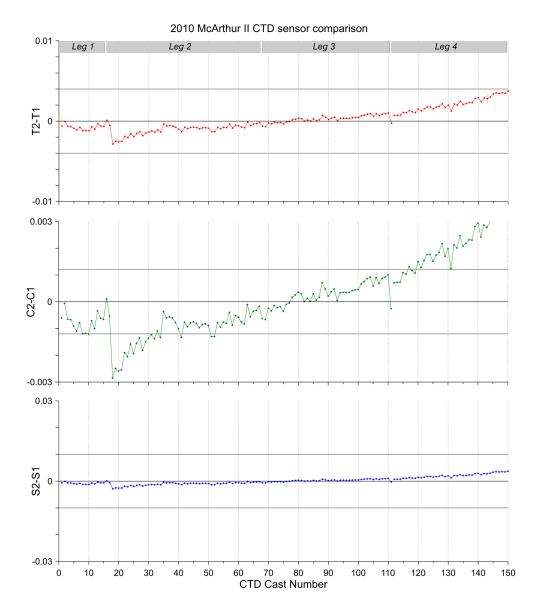


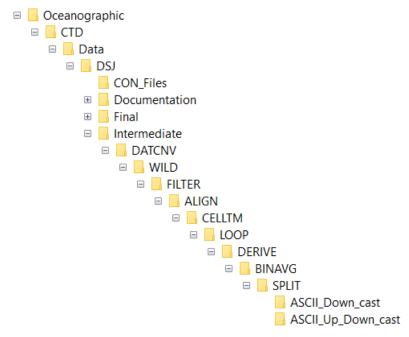
Figure 1. Time series of differences between primary and secondary temperature and conductivity sensors for HICEAS 2010 McArthur II CTD casts (062-066 did not use dual sensors). Each temperature (T2-T1), conductivity (C2-C1), and salinity (S2-S1) difference is a mean of 1m bin-averaged downcast values (excluding the upper 10m and bins with density changes >0.003  $\sigma_t$ ). Gray lines represent desired accuracy ( $\pm 0.004$  °C,  $\pm 0.0012$  S/m,  $\pm 0.010$  psu, which are 4x the specified initial accuracies of the Sea-Bird temperature and conductivity sensors).

SWFSC MMTD uses pre-cruise calibration coefficients for each sensor when available. Before running the processing modules, it is essential to ensure that the correct sensor configuration coefficients and corrections are loaded into the \*.con files used by the SBE Data Processing program. Offset and slope adjustments are obtained from CTDcalibrations HICEAS 2010 MACII.xlsx in the \Documentation folder. Configuration files for the sensors used on the McArthur II during HICEAS 2010 are listed in Appendix 1.

#### HICEAS 2010 MACII CTD SBE MODULE PROCESSING

The SBE Data processing modules that were applied to the raw HICEAS 2010 data are listed below. Each SBE module creates a program setup file, named \*.psa. The \*.psa files are located in the folder preceding their output, i.e. the 'Derive.psa' file is found in the 'LOOP' folder. Output .cnv files are kept in binary format to speed processing and reduce file sizes. The final module – ASCII Out – converts the binary data to ASCII format; if examination of the data is needed during earlier processing steps, the Translate module can be used to convert to the binary data to ASCII.

Modules are run in the following order: Data Conversion, Wild Edit, Filter, Align CTD (as needed), Cell Thermal Mass, Loop Edit, Derive, Bin Average, Split, ASCII Out. The processed data in various stages are in the \Intermediate folder:



#### 1. Data Conversion Module:

Data Conversion converts raw SBE 911plus data, which are typically stored as frequencies and voltages in the \*.dat file, to engineering units and stores the converted data in a \*.cnv file.

The options selected for processing in Data Conversion for casts with all sensors were as follows:

```
# name 0 = prDM: Pressure, Digiquartz [db]
# name 1 = c0S/m: Conductivity [S/m]
# name 2 = t090C: Temperature [ITS-90, deg C]
# name 3 = c1S/m: Conductivity, 2 [S/m]
# name 4 = t190C: Temperature, 2 [ITS-90, deg C]
# name 5 = sbox0Mm/Kg: Oxygen, SBE 43 [umol/kg]
# name 6 = flag: 0.000e+00
```

Fortran program ScrData (programmer: Paul Fiedler) was used to flag values outside of these broad ranges: pressure -5 to 1200 db, temperature -1 to 33 deg C, conductivity 2.5 to 7.0, and dissolved oxygen 0 to 350 µmol kg<sup>-1</sup>. The program first checks the range of values (primary and secondary, if present) in the header file. If any span exceeds the above limits, the program writes a new file in which each bad value, and the values in the two scans preceding and the two scans succeeding the bad value, are flagged. The original file is renamed with an "x" prefix. For each edited file, the total number of scans, the number of values that were outside limits, and the number of values flagged is summarized in the file *ScrData.dat* in the \Intermediate\DATCNV\ folder. Of 92 CTD files, 66 had no outliers, 16 had primary conductivity outliers, 19 had secondary conductivity outliers, 9 had primary temperature outliers, 20 had secondary temperature outliers, 14 had pressure outliers, and 22 had dissolved oxygen outliers. Flagged values are ignored in subsequent processing.

#### 2. Wild Edit Module:

Wild Edit flags outliers in temperature, conductivity, and oxygen data so that they are not used in further processing. Wild Edit's algorithm requires two passes through the data in blocks of *npoint* scans. The first pass computes the mean and standard deviation and temporarily flags values that differ from the mean by more than *pass1\_nstd* standard deviations. The second pass recalculates the mean and standard deviation, excluding values flagged in the first pass. Scans that differ from the mean by more than *pass2\_nstd* standard deviations are replaced with a bad data flag. The criteria established by *pass2\_nstd* can be overridden using *pass2\_mindelta*; specifically, if data are within *pass2\_mindelta* of the mean, they are not flagged.

The options selected for processing in Wild Edit were as follows for all casts:

```
# wildedit_pass1_nstd = 2.0
# wildedit_pass2_nstd = 15.0
# wildedit_pass2_mindelta = 0.000e+000
# wildedit_npoint = 100
```

These options are Sea-Bird defaults, except that *pass2\_nstd* was changed from 20.0 to 15.0 to identify more outliers.

#### 3. Filter Module:

The Filter module is run to reduce high-frequency noise in the pressure data, which is caused by counting jitter or other unknown sources. It is important to remove this noise before running the Loop Edit module. Loop Edit flags data that exhibit a change in the CTD velocity. Velocity is calculated using only three successive scans; consequently, noisy pressure data can result in erroneously flagged scans. Filter runs a low-pass filter on the data, which smoothes high frequency (rapidly changing) data. To produce zero phase (i.e., no time shift), the filter is first run forward through the data and then run backward through the data. Pressure data is typically filtered with a time constant equal to four times the CTD scan rate. We run a low-pass filter on the pressure data with time constant = 0.15 seconds, as recommended by Sea-Bird Electronics Inc.

The options selected for processing in Filter were as follows for all CTD casts:

```
# filter_low_pass_tc_A = 0.030
# filter_low_pass_tc_B = 0.150
# filter_low_pass_A_vars =
# filter_low_pass_B_vars = prDM
```

# 4. Align CTD Module:

It is essential that all derivations, such as salinity, density, and sound speed, use measurements of temperature and conductivity from same parcel of water. Logistically, it is practically impossible to instantaneously measure the same parcel of water with all sensors due to the physical location of the sensors on the unit and the different time delays of the sensors. The typical time delay of conductivity relative to temperature, 0.073 seconds, is automatically corrected by the SBE 11plus Deck Unit during data collection. If spikes are observed in the processed salinity profiles, further alignment of conductivity may be necessary. The Align CTD module can be used to align the conductivity data relative to pressure.

Fortran program TRIALIGN (programmer: Paul Fiedler) was run to find the optimum alignment value for conductivity (i.e., the number of scans by which to shift conductivity relative to temperature). TRIALIGN finds the maximum temperature gradient within a 240-scan window using linear regression; TRIALIGN tests for the gradient using only the first 10,000 scans to ensure data are from the downcast and imposes the criteria that depth must change by at least 5m in the 240-scan window. Conductivity alignments are tested within the region of maximum temperature gradient because misalignment of temperature and conductivity often results in excessive salinity spikes when temperature is changing rapidly. Within the window, conductivity is shifted by -24 to +24 scans. For each shift, salinity is derived from the temperature and conductivity data in each scan and a linear regression is fit to the salinity values. The shift that results in the minimum standard deviation of the regression residuals is selected as the optimal value for that cast. Optimal values for all casts are averaged to obtain a single alignment value for the cruise (one scan is 0.042 seconds).

TRIALIGN gave a mean optimum advances of -0.004 sec (SE=0.0017) for primary sensor, C1725, and -0.029 sec (SE=0.0025) for secondary sensor, C3201, (see Trialign0.dat and Trialign1.dat in \FILTER, which have the following columns: CTD file name, pressure (db) at the maximum temperature gradient, maximum temperature gradient (deg C/db), optimal advance (scans), and relative standard deviation of residuals). The advance for C1725 (C0 on casts 001-060) was set to 0 because the mean optimum advance was only a small fraction of a scan length.

The options selected for processing in Align CTD were as follows for all casts: # alignetd adv = c0S/m -0.004, c1S/m -0.029, sbox0Mm/Kg 2.000

#### 5. Cell Thermal Mass Module:

Cell Thermal Mass uses a recursive filter to remove conductivity cell thermal mass effects from the measured conductivity. In areas with large temperature gradients, the thermal mass correction is on the order of 0.005 psu. In areas with small temperature gradients, the correction is negligible.

The following Sea-Bird Electronics Inc. recommendations for Cell Thermal Mass when processing SBE 9plus data, with TC duct, were used:

```
# celltm_alpha = 0.0300, 0.0300
# celltm_tau = 7.0000, 7.0000
# celltm_temp_sensor_use for_cond = primary, secondary
```

# 6. Loop Edit Module:

Loop Edit flags data that exhibit a change in the mean CTD ascent or descent rate (e.g., pressure reversals or slowdowns). Such changes in ascent or descent rates are usually created by ship heave as the CTD unit is lowered or raised, and indicate unreliable data. Data that have been flagged are documented in the \*.cnv header. In this module, we remove any scans that were flagged as bad during data collection. Surface soak was removed in case data collection was started before the CTD had been returned to near the surface after the 10m surface soak.

The options selected for processing in Loop Edit follow the recommendations of Sea-Bird Electronics Inc. for all casts:

```
# loopedit_minVelocity = 0.250
# loopedit_surfaceSoak: minDepth = 5.0, maxDepth = 20, useDeckPress = 0
```

#### 7. Derive Module:

Derive uses pressure, temperature, and conductivity from the input \*.cnv file to compute the following oceanographic variables, which are routinely used in the assessment of protected species (other variables are available upon request):

- Salinity
- Density (density, sigma-theta, sigma-t, sigma-1, sigma-2, sigma-4)

- Depth (salt water, fresh water)
- Sound velocity (which can be calculated using the Chen-Millero, DelGrosso or Wilson equation)
- Average sound velocity (the harmonic mean from the surface to the current CTD depth, which is calculated on the downcast only)

The following processing options were selected in this module for casts:

```
# name 6 = depSM: Depth [salt water, m], lat = 22.6148
# name 7 = potemp090C: Potential Temperature [ITS-90, deg C]
# name 8 = sal00: Salinity, Practical [PSU]
# name 9 = sigma-é00: Density [sigma-theta, kg/m^3]
# name 10 = svCM: Sound Velocity [Chen-Millero, m/s]
# name 11 = avgsvCM: Average Sound Velocity [Chen-Millero, m/s], minP = 2, minS = 20
# name 12 = svCM1: Sound Velocity, 2 [Chen-Millero, m/s]
# name 13 = potemp190C: Potential Temperature, 2 [ITS-90, deg C]
# name 14 = sal11: Salinity, Practical, 2 [PSU]
# name 15 = sigma-é11: Density, 2 [sigma-theta, kg/m^3]
```

Note that there is no option in Sea-Bird's SBE Data Processing to calculate Average Sound Velocity from secondary sensor data.

To calculate average sound velocity, the following values were used:

```
# minimum pressure = 2 db

# minimum salinity = 20 psu

# Latitude = 10

[average depth of the acoustic array]

[recommended by Sea-Bird Electronics Inc.]

[this value is used only if NMEA latitude is not available in the header]
```

The profiles output by the Derive module were inspected by the Senior Oceanographer for bad data caused by sensor failure, temperature inversions, low surface salinity measurements (likely the result of rain), and spikes in salinity. Comments about each cast are in \Documentation\ HICEAS 2010 MACII\_CTD Cast info.xlsx. Comment codes are:

```
\begin{array}{l} A-acceptable \\ N-acceptable \ for \ MMTD \ derived \ variables \ but \ not \ for \ NODC \ archiving \\ R-reject \ cast \end{array}
```

#### 8. Bin Average Module:

The bin average module averages temperature, conductivity, pressure, and oceanographic variables in user-selected intervals; the intervals may be defined using pressure, depth, scan number, or time range. SWFSC MMTD uses 1m bins, with no surface bin. In this module, we exclude scans that were flagged as bad during the Loop Edit module.

The following processing options were selected in this module for all casts:

```
# binavg_bintype = meters
# binavg_binsize = 1
# binavg_excl_bad_scans = yes
# binavg_skipover = 0
# binavg_surface bin = no, min = 0.000, max = 5.000, value = 0.000
```

### 9. Split Module:

Split separates the data from an input \*.cnv file into upcast (pressure decreasing) and downcast (pressure increasing) \*.cnv files. Downcast only files are output because they do not contain the data collected when the bottles are fired (e.g., repetitive sampling at the same pressure). Consequently, they are used to derive variables such as thermocline depth and strength.

```
The following options were selected in this module for all casts: # split_excl_bad_scans = no # output the downcast only (into the \Split folder). This command adds a 'd' at the beginning of the filenames.
```

#### **10. ASCII Out Module:**

ASCII Out outputs the header and/or the data from a binary data file (\*.cnv). Data are written to an ASCII file (\*.asc), while the header information, which lists each processing module and the variables applied, is written to a separate ASCII file (\*.hdr).

This module was run twice. First, to convert the complete cast; second, to convert the downcast-only files created with the SPLIT module.

The following options were selected in this module for all casts:

```
# Output Header and Data files
# Label Column at top of the file
# Column separator = space
```

#### FINAL PRODUCT

ASCII Out outputs the header and/or the data from a binary data file (\*.cnv). Data are written to an ASCII file (\*.asc), while the header information, which lists each processing module and the variables applied, is written to a separate ASCII file (\*.hdr).

ASCII down-cast output files, containing only data recorded by the secondary sensors and no error flags, can be found in the \Final\ASCII\_Down\_cast folder.

The file headers have been saved separately from the final ASCII data files in both directories. The header files contain time in two separate fields: "System UpLoad Time" and "NMEA UTC (Time)". The time in the "System UpLoad Time" field is taken from the PC used to the collect

the data and may not be accurate (e.g., this field may be recorded in local time, rather than Coordinated Universal Time, and may not have been adjusted for local time zone changes). The Coordinated Universal Time in the "NMEA UTC (Time)" field is taken from the GPS unit and is accurate as long as the GPS functioned properly.

The downcast profile is used to derive variables commonly used in protected species assessments, such as thermocline depth and strength. Plots of complete casts show hysteresis, or depth offsets, of 5-8 m. The error in the depth, as indicated by the offsets, are expected to occur primarily in the upcasts due to "package wake" (i.e., the "shadowing" of the sensors by the rosette and frame as the CTD is pulled up through the water column). Additionally, the upcasts include repetitive sampling of the same depth when bottles are fired to collect water samples.

In total, 153 acceptable CTD casts were conducted during HICEAS 2010 on the McArthur II. The data set is comprised of 150 normal station casts and 3 test casts in which all bottles are tripped at 500m. The test cast typically precedes the first regular cast of each leg of the cruise. Several data files, in which the cast number in the file name has a letter suffix, appear to be repeat casts or sections of a cast that were used to reconstruct the profile. The output format for the combined up and down casts is shown below.

PrDM Sigma-é00	COS/m SvCM	T090C AvgsvCM	C1S/m SvCM1		Sbox0Mm/Kg Sal11	-	Potemp090C Nbin	Sal00 Flag
5.032	5.657591	28.9680	5.654303	28.9673	171.997	5.000	28.9668	34.5304
21.7226	1543.03	1542.98	1543.00	28.9661	34.5084	21.7063	24	0.0000e+00
6.038	5.657895	28.9701	5.654600	28.9697	172.396	6.000	28.9686	34.5308
21.7223	1543.05	1542.99	1543.02	28.9682	34.5084	21.7056	56	0.0000e+00

Dissolved oxygen data are not included in the Final downcast files because of the extreme hysteresis observed in all casts. The output format for the down casts only is shown below.

PrDM	COS/m	T090C	DepSM	Potemp090C	Sal00	Sigma-é00	SvCM	AvgsvCM	Sigma-é11	Nbin
5.036	4.286722	16.7888	5.000	16.7880	33.4066	24.3412	1510.45	1510.43	24.3378	40
6.043	4.286092	16.7815	6.000	16.7806	33.4068	24.3431	1510.45	1510.44	24.3393	58

Column descriptions are as follows (only the bolded variables are included in the final downcast files):

- a) PrDM = Digiquartz pressure in decibars (db)
- b) C0S/m = Primary conductivity in Siemens per meter (S/m)
- c) T090C = Primary temperature, in degrees Celsius (°C), calculated using the ITS-90 standard
- d) C1S/m = Secondary conductivity in Siemens per meter (S/m)
- e) T190C = Secondary temperature, in degrees Celsius (°C), calculated using the ITS-90 standard
- f) Sbox0Mm/Kg = Oxygen, SBE 43 ( $\mu$ mol/Kg)
- g) DepSM = Salt water depth in meters (m)
- h) Potemp090C = Potential Temperature (ITS-90, deg C), derived from the primary temperature and conductivity sensors
- i) Sal00 = Salinity, in practical salinity units (psu), derived from the primary temperature and conductivity sensors

- j) Sigma-é00 = Density [sigma-theta], in kilograms per cubic meter (kg/m³), calculated from the primary temperature sensor and the salinity data derived from the primary conductivity sensor
- k) SvCM = Chen-Millero's sound velocity in meters per second (m/s) calculated from the primary temperature sensor and the salinity data derived from the primary conductivity sensor
- AvgsvCM = Chen-Millero's average sound velocity in meters per second (m/s)
  calculated from the primary temperature sensor and the salinity data derived from
  the primary conductivity sensor
- m) SvCM1 = Chen-Millero's sound velocity in meters per second (m/s) calculated from the secondary temperature sensor and the salinity data derived from the secondary conductivity sensor
- n) Sal11 = Salinity, in practical salinity units (psu), derived from the secondary temperature and conductivity sensors
- o) Potemp190C = Potential Temperature (ITS-90, deg C), derived from the secondary temperature and conductivity sensors
- p) Sal11 = Salinity, in practical salinity units (psu), derived from the secondary temperature and conductivity sensors
- q) Sigma-é11 = Density [sigma-theta], in kilograms per cubic meter (kg/m³), calculated from the secondary temperature sensor and the salinity data derived from the secondary conductivity sensor
- r) Nbin = number of scans included in the bin average
- s) Flag = bad scan flag

Perl program CTDPositionCheck (programmer: Dan Prosperi) was used to confirm the CTD cast date/times and positions recorded in the header files against the edited TSG file for the survey. 152 out of 153 files had matching TSG records; no corrections were necessary.

Paul Fiedler, 16 June 2021

# Appendix 1. HICEAS 2010 MACII Sea-Bird Data Processing Configuration Files

# 2010 HICEAS MACII 001-034 054-066.CON

Configuration report for SBE 911plus/917plus CTD

```
Frequency channels suppressed : 0
Voltage words suppressed : 0
Computer interface
                         : RS-232C
Deck unit
                          : SBE11plus
      Firmware Version >= 5.0
Scans to average
                         : 1
NMEA position data added
                          : Yes
NMEA depth data added
                          : No
NMEA time added
                          : No
                        : deck unit
: No
NMEA device connected to
Surface PAR voltage added
Scan time added
                           : Yes
```

1) Frequency 0, Temperature

```
Serial number: 4667
Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
            : 4.39716529e-003
             : 6.45930016e-004
T
            : 2.21470365e-005
            : 1.82001941e-006
            : 1000.000
: 1.00000000
F0
Slope
Offset
            : 0.0000
```

2) Frequency 1, Conductivity

```
Serial number: 1725
Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
             : -4.09530165e+000
            : 4.96146808e-001
            : -1.08057662e-003
Т
             : 7.74591213e-005
            : 3.2500e-006
CTcor
            : -9.57000000e-008
CPcor
             : 1.00000000
Slope
            : 0.00000
Offset
```

3) Frequency 2, Pressure, Digiquartz with TC

```
Serial number: 0405
Calibrated on : 09-Mar-10
        : -4.505278e+004
              : -9.372496e-001
C2
C3
             : 1.416440e-002
             : 3.852400e-002
D1
D2.
              : 0.000000e+000
             : 3.024204e+001
т1
             : -5.890827e-004
Т2
             : 4.036660e-006
: 2.914400e-009
Т4
Т5
             : 0.000000e+000
            : 0.99989000
Slope
            : -0.66830
: 1.111000e-002
Offset
AD590M
AD590B
             : -8.834520e+000
```

```
4) Frequency 3, Temperature, 2
  Serial number : 2109
  Calibrated on : 18-Feb-10
               : 4.10640353e-003
               : 6.24674088e-004
               : 2.00275641e-005
  I
               : 2.07531692e-006
  F0
               : 1000.000
  Slope
               : 1.00000000
  Offset
               : 0.0000
5) Frequency 4, Conductivity, 2
   Serial number: 3201
  Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
       : -1.01955263e+001
               : 1.44882984e+000
  Н
  J
               : -2.61949153e-004
               : 9.22154306e-005
  CTcor
              : 3.2500e-006
               : -9.57000000e-008
: 1.00000000
  CPcor
  Slope
  Offset
               : 0.00000
6) A/D voltage 0, Oxygen, SBE 43
   Serial number: 1294
  Calibrated on : 12-Apr-10p
             : Sea-Bird
  Equation
               : 5.01300e-001
  Soc
              : -4.89800e-001
  Offset
               : -2.63420e-003
  Α
               : 2.02240e-004
  В
               : -4.06590e-006
  С
               : 3.60000e-002
  Ε
               : 1.97000e+000
  Tau20
               : 1.92630e-004
  D1
               : -4.64803e-002
  D2
  Н1
               : -3.30000e-002
               : 5.00000e+003
  Н2
  НЗ
               : 1.45000e+003
7) A/D voltage 1, Free
8) A/D voltage 2, Free
9) A/D voltage 3, Free
10) A/D voltage 4, Altimeter
   Serial number: 42648
   Calibrated on :
    Scale factor : 15.000
   Offset.
                 : 0.000
11) A/D voltage 5, Free
12) A/D voltage 6, Free
13) A/D voltage 7, Free
```

Scan length

: 41

# 2010\_HICEAS\_MACII\_035-053.CON

Slope

Offset

AD590M AD590B : -0.66830

: 1.111000e-002 : -8.834520e+000

Configuration report for SBE 911plus/917plus CTD

```
Frequency channels suppressed: 0
Voltage words suppressed : 3
Computer interface
                             : RS-232C
Deck unit
                            : SBE11plus
      Firmware Version >= 5.0
Scans to average
NMEA position data added
                            : Yes
NMEA depth data added
                            : No
NMEA time added
                             : No
NMEA device connected to
                             : deck unit
Surface PAR voltage added
                            : No
                                                    4) Frequency 3, Temperature, 2
Scan time added
                            : Yes
                                                       Serial number : 2109
1) Frequency 0, Temperature
                                                      Calibrated on : 18-Feb-10
                                                                   : 4.10640353e-003
                                                                   : 6.24674088e-004
  Serial number: 4667
                                                      Н
                                                                    : 2.00275641e-005
  Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
                                                      Т
              : 4.39716529e-003
                                                                   : 2.07531692e-006
               : 6.45930016e-004
: 2.21470365e-005
                                                                   : 1000.000
: 1.00000000
  Н
                                                      FΟ
  I
                                                      Slope
               : 1.82001941e-006
                                                                    : 0.0000
  J
                                                      Offset.
  FO.
               : 1000.000
                : 1.00000000
                                                    5) Frequency 4, Conductivity, 2
  Slope
  Offset
                : 0.0000
                                                       Serial number : 3201
2) Frequency 1, Conductivity
                                                      Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
                                                                 : -1.01955263e+001
: 1.44882984e+000
  Serial number: 1725
                                                      Н
  Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
                                                      I
                                                                   : -2.61949153e-004
      : -4.09530165e+000
                                                                   : 9.22154306e-005
                                                      J
                : 4.96146808e-001
                                                      CTcor
                                                                    : 3.2500e-006
               : -1.08057662e-003
                                                                   : -9.57000000e-008
                                                      CPcor
               : 7.74591213e-005
                                                                   : 1.00000000
  .T
                                                      Slope
               : 3.2500e-006
: -9.57000000e-008
  CTcor
                                                      Offset
                                                                    : 0.00000
  CPcor
  Slope
               : 1.00000000
                                                    6) A/D voltage 0, Free
  Offset
               : 0.00000
                                                    7) A/D voltage 1, Oxygen, SBE 43
3) Frequency 2, Pressure, Digiquartz with TC
                                                       Serial number: 1294
   Serial number : 0405
                                                       Calibrated on : 12-Apr-10p
  Calibrated on : 09-Mar-10
                                                      Equation : Sea-Bird
  C1
               : -4.505278e+004
                                                       Soc
                                                                   : 5.01300e-001
               : -9.372496e-001
                                                                   : -4.89800e-001
  C2
                                                      Offset
                : 1.416440e-002
                                                                    : -2.63420e-003
  C3
                                                      Α
  D1
               : 3.852400e-002
                                                                   : 2.02240e-004
               : 0.000000e+000
                                                                   : -4.06590e-006
                                                      C
  D2.
                                                                   : 3.60000e-002
: 1.97000e+000
  т1
                : 3.024204e+001
               : -5.890827e-004
                                                      Tau20
  Т2
               : 4.036660e-006
  Т3
                                                      D1
                                                                   : 1.92630e-004
               : 2.914400e-009
                                                                   : -4.64803e-002
  Τ4
                                                      D2
  T5
                : 0.000000e+000
                                                      Н1
                                                                    : -3.30000e-002
               : 0.99989000
                                                                    : 5.00000e+003
```

Н3

Scan length

: 1.45000e+003

: 32

# 2010\_HICEAS\_MACII\_067.CON

AD590B

Configuration report for SBE 911plus/917plus CTD

```
Frequency channels suppressed: 0
Voltage words suppressed : 2
Voltage words 5.77
Computer interface : K5-2326
: SBE11plus
                                                       4) Frequency 3, Temperature, 2
       Firmware Version >= 5.0
Scans to average : 1
NMEA position data added : Yes
                                                          Serial number: 2109
                                                         Calibrated on : 18-Feb-10
                                                                      : 4.10640353e-003
NMEA depth data added
                              : No
                                                                       : 6.24674088e-004
: 2.00275641e-005
                              : No
NMEA time added
                                                         I
NMEA device connected to
                              : deck unit
                             : No
Surface PAR voltage added
                                                                       : 2.07531692e-006
                                                                      : 1000.000
Scan time added
                              : Yes
                                                         FO.
                                                                       : 1.00000000
: 0.0000
                                                         Slope
1) Frequency 0, Temperature
                                                         Offset
                                                      5) Frequency 4, Conductivity, 2
   Serial number: 4667
   Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
               : 4.39716529e-003
                                                          Serial number : 3201
                : 6.45930016e-004
: 2.21470365e-005
                                                         Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
   Н
   I
                                                                       : -1.01955263e+001
                : 1.82001941e-006
                                                                       : 1.44882984e+000
   FO.
                : 1000.000
                                                                       : -2.61949153e-004
                : 1.00000000
                                                                       : 9.22154306e-005
   Slope
                                                         J
   Offset
                 : 0.0000
                                                         CTcor
                                                                        : 3.2500e-006
                                                                       : -9.57000000e-008
                                                         CPcor
                                                                      : 1.00000000
2) Frequency 1, Conductivity
                                                         Slope
                                                         Offset
                                                                       : 0.00000
   Serial number: 1725
   Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10
                                                       6) A/D voltage 0, Oxygen, SBE 43
      : -4.09530165e+000
                                                         Serial number : 1294
                 : 4.96146808e-001
                : -1.08057662e-003
                                                         Calibrated on : 12-Apr-10p
                : 7.74591213e-005
                                                         Equation : Sea-Bird
   .T
                                                                     : 5.09000e-001
: -4.87700e-001
                : 3.2500e-006
: -9.57000000e-008
   CTcor
                                                         Soc
   CPcor
                                                         Offset
                                                                      : -2.63420e-003
                : 1.00000000
                                                                       : 2.02240e-004
   Offset
                : 0.00000
                                                         В
                                                                        : -4.06590e-006
                                                         C
3) Frequency 2, Pressure, Digiquartz with TC
                                                                       : 3.60000e-002
                                                                       : 1.97000e+000
                                                         Tau20
   Serial number : 0311
                                                         D1
                                                                       : 1.92630e-004
   Calibrated on : 13-Apr-10
                                                                       : -4.64803e-002
                                                         D2
               : -4.123560e+004
   C1
                                                         Н1
                                                                       : -3.30000e-002
                : 1.043267e+000
: 1.330030e-002
   C2
                                                         Н2
                                                                        : 5.00000e+003
                                                                        : 1.45000e+003
   C3
                                                         ΗЗ
                : 4.018400e-002
                : 0.000000e+000
                                                      7) A/D voltage 1, Free
   D2.
   т1
                 : 3.020637e+001
                : 4.924132e-005
                                                      8) A/D voltage 2, Altimeter
   Т2
   Т3
                : 3.833950e-006
                : 6.451910e-009
: 0.000000e+000
   Т4
                                                          Serial number: 42648
   T5
                                                          Calibrated on: 01/01/2009
                : 0.99991000
                                                          Scale factor : 15.000
   Slope
                : -6.31540
: 1.167000e-002
: -8.165620e+000
   Offset
                                                         Offset
                                                                       : 0.000
   AD590M
```

9) A/D voltage 3, Free

: 35

Scan length

# **2010 HICEAS MACII 068-110.CON**

Configuration report for SBE 911plus/917plus CTD \_\_\_\_\_

Frequency channels suppressed : 0 Voltage words suppressed : 2 Computer interface : RS-232C Deck unit : SBE11plus Firmware Version >= 5.0 Scans to average : 1 NMEA position data added : Yes NMEA depth data added : No NMEA time added : No NMEA device connected to : deck unit Surface PAR voltage added : No Scan time added : Yes

1) Frequency 0, Temperature

Serial number: 4667 Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10 : 4.39716529e-003 : 6.45930016e-004 : 2.21470365e-005 : 1.82001941e-006 Т ıΤ F0 : 1000.000 : 1.00000000 Slope Offset

2) Frequency 1, Conductivity Serial number : 1725

Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10 : -4.09530165e+000 Н : 4.96146808e-001 : -1.08057662e-003 Ι : 7.74591213e-005 : 3.2500e-006 : -9.57000000e-008 CTcor CPcor : 1.00000000 Slope Offset : 0.00000

3) Frequency 2, Pressure, Digiquartz with TC

Serial number : 0311 Calibrated on : 13-Apr-10 : -4.123560e+004 : 1.043267e+000 C2 СЗ : 1.330030e-002 : 4.018400e-002 D1 D2 : 0.000000e+000 : 3.020637e+001 : 4.924132e-005 т1 Т2 Т3 : 3.833950e-006 : 6.451910e-009 т4 Т5 : 0.000000e+000 : 0.99991000 Slope Offset : -6.31540 : 1.167000e-002 AD590M AD590B : -8.165620e+000 4) Frequency 3, Temperature, 2

Serial number : 2109 Calibrated on : 18-Feb-10 : 4.10640353e-003 : 6.24674088e-004 Н I : 2.00275641e-005 J : 2.07531692e-006 : 1000.000 F0 : 1.00000000 Slope Offset : 0.0000

5) Frequency 4, Conductivity, 2

Serial number : 3201 Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10 : -1.01955263e+001 : 1.44882984e+000 : -2.61949153e-004 I : 9.22154306e-005 CTcor : 3.2500e-006 CPcor : -9.57000000e-008 : 1.00000000 Slope : 0.00000 Offset

6) A/D voltage 0, Oxygen, SBE 43

Serial number: 1294 Calibrated on : 12-Apr-10p Equation : Sea-Bird : 5.09000e-001 Soc Offset : -4.87700e-001 : -2.63420e-003 Α : 2.02240e-004 : -4.06590e-006 C : 3.60000e-002 E : 1.97000e+000 Tau20 : 1.92630e-004 D1 : -4.64803e-002 : -3.30000e-002 н1 Н2 : 5.00000e+003 : 1.45000e+003

7) A/D voltage 1, Free

НЗ

8) A/D voltage 2, Altimeter

Serial number: 42648 Calibrated on : 01/01/2009 Scale factor : 15.000 Offset : 0.000

9) A/D voltage 3, Free

Scan length : 35

# 2010\_HICEAS\_MACII\_111-150.CON

Configuration report for SBE 911plus/917plus CTD

-----

Frequency channels suppressed : 0 Voltage words suppressed : 2

Computer interface : RS-232C Deck unit : SBE11plus

Firmware Version >= 5.0

Scans to average : 1
NMEA position data added : Yes
NMEA depth data added : No
NMEA time added : No

NMEA device connected to : deck unit

Surface PAR voltage added : No Scan time added : Yes

1) Frequency 0, Temperature

Serial number : 4667

Calibrated on: 19-Feb-10

G : 4.39716529e-003 H : 6.45930016e-004 I : 2.21470365e-005 J : 1.82001941e-006 F0 : 1000.000 Slope : 1.00000000 Offset : 0.0000

2) Frequency 1, Conductivity

Serial number : 1725

Calibrated on : 19-Feb-10

G : -4.09530165e+000 H : 4.96146808e-001 I : -1.08057662e-003 J : 7.74591213e-005 CTcor : 3.2500e-006 CPcor : -9.57000000e-008 Slope : 1.00000000

Offset : 0.00000

3) Frequency 2, Pressure, Digiquartz with TC

Serial number : 0311 Calibrated on : 13-Apr-10 : -4.123560e+004 C1 : 1.043267e+000 : 1.330030e-002 : 4.018400e-002 : 0.000000e+000 C3 D1 D2 T1 : 3.020637e+001 : 4.924132e-005 : 3.833950e-006 Т2 т3 : 6.451910e-009 : 0.000000e+000 Т5 : 0.99991000 : -6.31540 Slope Offset AD590M : 1.167000e-002 AD590B : -8.165620e+000 4) Frequency 3, Temperature, 2

Serial number : 2109 Calibrated on : 18-Feb-10

G : 4.10640353e-003 H : 6.24674088e-004 I : 2.00275641e-005 J : 2.07531692e-006 F0 : 1000.000

Slope : 1.00000000 Offset : 0.0000

5) Frequency 4, Conductivity, 2

Serial number: 3201 Calibrated on: 19-Feb-10

G: -1.01955263e+001 H: 1.44882984e+000 I: -2.61949153e-004 J: 9.22154306e-005 CTcor: 3.2500e-006 CPcor: -9.57000000e-008 Slope: 1.0000000 Offset: 0.00000

6) A/D voltage 0, Oxygen, SBE 43

Serial number : 1294 Calibrated on : 12-Apr-10p Equation : Sea-Bird Soc : 5.16600e-001 : -4.85700e-001 : -2.63420e-003 Offset Α : 2.02240e-004 : -4.06590e-006 С : 3.60000e-002 : 1.97000e+000 Tau20 D1 : 1.92630e-004 : -4.64803e-002 D2 : -3.30000e-002 Н1

H1 : -3.30000e-000 H2 : 5.00000e+003 H3 : 1.45000e+003

7) A/D voltage 1, Free

8) A/D voltage 2, Altimeter

Serial number : 42648 Calibrated on : 01/01/2009 Scale factor : 15.000 Offset : 0.000

9) A/D voltage 3, Free

Scan length : 35

# **Appendix 2. Bottle Salinity Analyses**

Bottle salinity samples were analyzed to validate CTD sensor calibration and to detect evidence of Niskin bottle leakage. Samples were collected from bottles tripped at depth and analyzed with a Guildline Portasal 8410A salinometer using standard methods (Guildline Technical Manual TM 8410A-F-00). The salinity data from the Portasal and CTD can be found in \\Stenella\Ecology\PacificIslands\2010\_HICEAS\Oceanographic\Salinometer. The results summarized below can also be found in HICEAS 2010 Salts.xls.

Portasal data were collected during salts runs at sea by the program PSAL9709 (Oceanographic Data Facility, Scripps Institution of Oceanography). The raw data files, which are the files without a filename extension in each of the leg subfolders in \\Stenella\Ecology\PacificIslands \2010\_HICEAS\Oceanographic\Salinometer\Raw\MACII, were copied with a text editor into a single file named *salts10M.raw*.

Fortran program CR2SAL.EXE (programmer: Fiedler) calculated salinities from the recorded conductivity ratios and bath temperatures in <code>salts10M.raw</code> using the Sea-Bird salinity algorithm. The two output files, \Stenella\Ecology\WestCoast\2010\_HICEAS\Oceanographic\Salinometer \Intermediate\salts10M.sal and <code>salts10M.sta</code>, are identical except that the sample records in the <code>.sta</code> file are truncated. Output file <code>salts10M.sal</code> lists four salinity values for each sample, calculated from the listed value and three adjusted values of the sample conductivity ratio, as discussed below.

File salts 10M.sta was edited to list the raw CTD file and Niskin bottle number corresponding to each sample. FORTRAN program SALTS.EXE (programmer: Fiedler) called Sea-Bird program SBEBATCH to process each raw CTD file. Specifically, the batch program creates a temporary water bottle .ros file from the Data Conversion module and outputs a bottle data summary .btl file from the Bottle Summary module. The .ros file contains data for each scan associated with a bottle firing, which by default are all scans within a 1.5-second duration after a bottle firing confirmation is received from the water sampler. The .btl file contains means and standard deviations of the CTD data for each bottle. SALTS then reads the .btl file to find CTD salinity values corresponding to the bottle samples in salts08M.sal. Two files are output for each pair of temperature/conductivity sensors (1 = primary, 2 = secondary): \\Stenella\Ecology \2010 HICEAS \Oceanographic\Salinometer \Intermediate\salts10M1.dat and salts10M2.dat contain the CTD salinity and depth for each bottle sample and the differences between each of the four alternative bottle salinity values and the CTD salinity; salts10M1.sum and salts 10M2.sum contain means and standard deviations of the differences within each salts run. One cast number was changed to obtain reasonable (Bottle – CTD) differences (see salts09M.sta for details).

### **Conductivity Ratio Adjustment for Bottle Salinities**

When analyzing samples on the Portasal, the initial salinity standard reading should be equal to 2x the actual conductivity ratio of the standard ( $K_{15}$  on the ampule label) after correct initialization of the instrument. Referencing sample conductivity ratios to the initial standard reading may not give the best results for several reasons; for example, the initial standard reading

may be erroneous (e.g., the Portasal was not sufficiently warmed up with standard water before samples are read) or the sensitivity of the Portasal may drift during the run. If the initial and final standard readings differ, then adjusting the reference for sample conductivity ratios will change both the mean and the standard deviation of Bottle - CTD salinity differences. Selection of an adjustment alternative should be based on minimizing the mean and standard deviation.

CR2SAL calculates four alternative salinity values from sample conductivity ratios adjusted relative to:

- (0) the initial standard reading (no adjustment),
- (1) the final standard reading,
- (2) the average of the initial and final readings, and
- (3) a standard reading interpolated between the initial and final readings.

Salinities calculated from sample conductivity ratios adjusted by method (0) resulted in bottle—CTD differences with the smallest means (biases) but greatest standard deviations (RMSE), while adjustment by method (1) resulted in bottle—CTD differences with the largest means (biases) but smallest standard deviations (RMSE):

	Mean (Bot	tle – CTD)	St. dev. (Bottle – CTD)		
<u>Adjustment</u>	<u>primary</u>	<u>secondary</u>	<u>primary</u>	<u>secondary</u>	
None:	+0.004924	+0.003046	0.010581	0.010363	
(1):	+0.009248	+0.007370	0.008335	0.008190	
(2):	+0.007086	+0.005208	0.009202	0.009011	
(3):	+0.007129	+0.005251	0.009277	0.009041	

Therefore, bottle salinities calculated from sample conductivity ratios adjusted by method (1) were used in subsequent analyses.

#### **Precision of Replicates**

Three replicate samples collected from 9 deep bottles on selected CTD casts allow an assessment of the precision of our bottle salinity sampling and analysis methods (see Replicates worksheet in HICEAS 2010 Salts.xls). An ANOVA gives a "mean squares within" of 5.883e-05, which is equivalent to the variance of replicate salinity values within bottles. The square root of this value gives a precision of  $\pm 0.0077$  psu, which is worse than the accuracy of  $\pm 0.003$  specified by Guildline, or the  $\pm 0.001$  precision that can be achieved under ideal laboratory conditions (Sea-Bird, personal communication). We cannot explain the poor precision attained in the 2010 MacII PortaSal analyses.

The standard deviation of Bottle - CTD salinity differences for all samples was 0.0083 (above table, Adjustment 2), slightly greater than the precision of bottle salinity replicates. A larger error is expected because of the additional errors of the CTD sensors and the mismatch of waters pumped through CTD sensors and sampled by Niskin bottles.

# **Bottle - CTD Salinity Differences**

Figure 4 shows Bottle – CTD salinity differences for all samples. CTD values are from primary (S1) and secondary (S2) sensors. For this cruise, the post-cruise calibration indicated that no calibration adjustments were required for any temperature or conductivity sensor (\ Documents \CTDcalibrations\_HICEAS\_2010\_MACII.xls). The drift indicated by the trend lines is negligible.

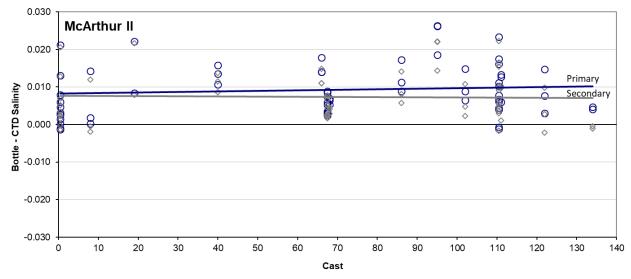


Figure 4. Bottle – CTD salinity differences for 2010 HICEAS, McArthur II.

Overall, the Bottle – CTD salinity differences indicate that the CTD primary sensors were slightly less accurate than the secondary sensors, although the difference was not significant. Consequently, *temperature and salinity values from the primary sensors should be included in the final CTD data files*.

#### **Test Cast Bottle vs. CTD Salinities**

The following table summarizes bottle salinities and corresponding CTD salinities (mean  $\pm$ sd) from the test casts, when all 12 bottles were tripped sequentially at 700m. Although values are listed to four decimal places, the precision of the salinometer is  $\pm 0.003$  and the precision of the CTD sensors is  $\pm 0.0004$  psu.

	CTD S1	CTD S2	Bottle
Leg 2	34.2426 ±0.0090	34.2431 ±0.0088	34.2476 ±0.0060
Leg 3	34.3499 ±0.0001	34.3507 ±0.0001	34.3547 ±0.0022
Leg 4	34.3717 ±0.0005	34.3726 ±0.0004	34.3805 ±0.0072

The salinity of the bottle samples collected at the same depth (column labeled "Bottle" above) vary by no more than the precision of replicates (i.e.,  $\pm 0.0077$  psu) although this is more than the nominal precision of the salinometer; consequently, the measured bottle salinity values are not identical.

Salinities derived from the primary CTD sensors, after temperature and conductivity calibration adjustments, are plotted as deviations from the Portasal bottle salinities in Figure 5.

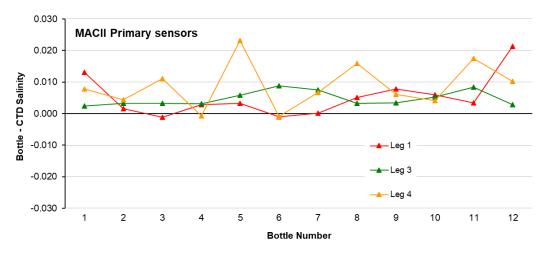


Figure 5. Bottle - CTD salinity differences, derived from primary sensor data, for test casts on HICEAS 2010, McArthur II, Legs 1, 3 and 4. The plot using secondary sensor data is essentially the same.

There are no bottles with consistently large negative differences that might indicate leakage of a Niskin bottle as it is brought up from depth to the surface through lower-salinity waters.