

Biospherical Instruments Inc

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

ENTERED
 18 Aug 04

UNDERWATER PAR SENSOR WITH LOG AMPLIFIER

Calibration Date: 10/07/03

Job No.: L8494

Model Number: QSP2300

Serial Number: 4672

Operator: TPC

Standard Lamp: 98700(5/19/01)

Operating Voltage Range: 6 to 15 VDC (+)

Note: The QSP-200L uses a log amplifier to measure the detector signal current with $V = \log I \text{ (Amps)} / I_{Ref}$
 To calculate irradiance, use this formula:

$$\text{Irradiance} = \text{Calibration factor} * (10^{\text{Light Signal Voltage}} - 10^{\text{Dark Voltage}})$$

With the appropriate (solar corrected) Irradiance Calibration Factor:

Dry Calibration Factor:	2.20E+13	quanta/cm² sec/"amps"	3.65E-05	μEinsteins/cm² sec/"amps"
Wet Calibration Factor:	3.70E+13	quanta/cm² sec/"amps"	6.14E-05	μEinsteins/cm² sec/"amps"

Sensor Test Data and Results⁴⁾

Sensor Supply Current (Dark):		90.4	mA							
Supply Voltage:		6	Volts							
Lamp Integrated PAR Irradiance:		9.14E+15	quanta/cm ² sec	0.01518	μEinsteins/cm ² sec					
SC3 Immersion Coefficient:		0.594	Scalar Correction:	1	PAR Solar Correction: 1.0000					
Nominal Filter OD	Calibrated Trans.	Sensor Voltage	Measured Trans.	Measured Signal (Amps)	Estimated Signal (Amps)	Calc. Output (Volts)	Error (Volts)	Error (%)	Test Irrad. (quanta/cm ² sec)	
No Filter	100.00%	2.621	100.00%	4.17E-08	4.17E-08	2.622	0.002	0.0	9.14E+15	
0.3	36.10%	2.186	36.53%	1.52E-08	1.51E-08	2.182	-0.004	-1.2	3.34E+15	
0.5	27.60%	2.075	28.22%	1.18E-08	1.15E-08	2.067	-0.008	-2.2	2.58E+15	
1	9.27%	1.639	10.11%	4.22E-09	3.87E-09	1.604	-0.035	-8.3	9.24E+14	
2	1.11%	0.847	1.33%	5.57E-10	4.63E-10	0.786	-0.061	-16.8	1.22E+14	
3	0.05%	0.278	0.10%	4.14E-11	2.23E-11	0.232	-0.046	-46.2	9.08E+12	

Dark Before:	<u>0.171</u> Volts	
Light - No Filter Hldr.:	<u>2.621</u> Volts	$I_{Ref} = 1.00E-10$ Amps
Dark After - NFH:	<u>0.172</u> Volts	$I_{Dark} = 1.48E-10$ Amps
Average Dark	<u>0.17135</u> Volts	$10^{V_{Dark}} = 1.483713$ Amps

Notes:

1. Annual calibration is recommended.
2. There is increasing error associated with readings below zero.
3. The collector should be cleaned frequently with alcohol.
- 4) This section is for internal use and for more advanced analysis.